

Innovation today, healthier tomorrows

# Financial Results for FY2015 (The year ended March 31, 2016)

May 12, 2016

Masayo Tada, President and CEO Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd.





# **Financial Results for FY2015**

#### **Financial Results for FY2015**

# **Financial Results for FY2015**



Billions of yen

						Dillic	ons of yen
	FY2014	FY2015		Change		FY2015 F 27 <sup>th</sup>	
	Results	Results	Val	ue FX rate impact	%	Value	Achieved %
Net sales	371.4	403.2	31.8	17.1	8.6	403.0	100.1
Cost of sales	101.2	104.5	3.2	1.5	3.2	104.5	100.0
Gross profit	270.1	298.7	28.6	15.6	10.6	298.5	100.1
SG&A expenses	246.9	261.8	14.9	14.1	6.1	265.5	98.6
SG&A expenses less R&D costs	175.6	179.8	4.2	9.5	2.4	179.0	100.4
R&D Costs	71.3	82.0	10.7	4.6	15.0	86.5	94.8
Operating income	23.3	36.9	13.7	1.5	58.7	33.0	111.9
Ordinary income	23.3	35.2	11.9		51.0	32.5	108.4
Extraordinary income (loss)	10.4	4.3	(6.1)				
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	15.4	24.7	9.2		59.9	23.0	107.4
EBITDA	43.1	55.8	12.7		29.4	53.3	

Exchange rates:

FY2014 Results : 1US\$ = \$109.8, 1RMB = \$17.7FY2015 Results : 1US\$ = \$120.2, 1RMB = \$18.9

# **Sales of Major Products in Japan**



Billions of yen

	FY2014	FY2015	Billions o		
	Results	Results	Value	%	
AIMIX®	12.0	14.9	3.0	25.0	
AVAPRO®	11.4	10.8	(0.5)	(4.6)	
LONASEN®	11.5	12.6	1.1	10.0	
TRERIEF®	11.6	13.1	1.5	12.7	
Strategic Products Total	46.4	51.5	5.1	10.9	
SUREPOST®	2.4	3.6	1.2	48.3	
AmBisome®	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.6	
REPLAGAL®	9.7	10.2	0.5	5.3	
METGLUCO®	17.1	14.7	(2.4)	(13.8)	
AMLODIN®	19.6	16.4	(3.2)	(16.3)	
GASMOTIN®	10.5	8.4	(2.1)	(19.8)	
PRORENAL®	10.6	8.7	(1.9)	(17.8)	
MEROPEN®	7.9	6.2	(1.7)	(21.1)	
Others	28.1	22.4	(5.7)	(20.1)	
Other Products Total	110.1	95.0	(15.2)	(13.8)	
Japan Total	156.6	146.5	(10.1)	(6.4)	

Note: Sales of each products above are shown by gross sales basis.

# Sales of Major Products in North America & China



	FY2014	FY2015		FY2014 FY2015	FY2015		Change	
	Results	Results	Change	Results	Results	Value	FX rate impact	%
North America		Million \$			В	illion yen		
LATUDA®	752	1,002	250	82.5	120.4	37.9	10.4	45.9
APTIOM®	23	64	40	2.5	7.6	5.1	0.7	200.0
BROVANA®	202	249	47	22.2	29.9	7.7	2.6	34.9
Ciclesonide	61	58	(3)	6.7	7.0	0.3	0.6	4.5
XOPENEX®	78	56	(22)	8.5	6.7	(1.8)	0.6	(21.6)
LUNESTA®	105	38	(67)	11.5	4.6	(6.9)	0.4	(60.1)
Others	129	72	(57)	14.2	8.7	(5.5)	0.8	(38.9)
Total	1,350	1,539	189	148.2	184.9	36.7	16.0	24.8
China		Million RMB		Billion yen				
MEROPEN®	805	826	21	14.3	15.6	1.3	0.9	9.2
Others	163	148	(15)	2.9	2.8	(0.1)	0.2	(3.0)
Total	968	974	6	17.1	18.4	1.2	1.1	7.2

Exchange rates:

FY2014 Results : 1US\$ = \(\pm\$ 109.8, 1RMB = \(\pm\$17.7 FY2015 Results : 1US\$ = \(\pm\$ 120.2, 1RMB = \(\pm\$18.9

#### **Financial Results for FY2015**

# **Segment Information**



								s of yen
		Pharmaceuticals Business					Other	Tatal
		Japan	North America	China	Other Regions	Subtotal	Business	Total
	Net sales (Sales to customers)	146.5	184.9	18.4	11.2	360.9	42.3	403.2
FY	Cost of sales	45.8	16.0	2.8	6.1	70.6	33.8	104.5
FY2015	Gross profit	100.8	168.9	15.6	5.1	290.4	8.3	298.7
51 72	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	59.3	103.8	7.6	2.6	173.3	6.5	179.8
Results	Income (loss) of Segment	41.5	65.2	8.0	2.4	117.1	1.8	119.0
lts	R&D costs					81.1	0.9	82.0
	Operating income					36.0	0.9	36.9
	Net sales (Sales to customers)	156.6	148.2	17.1	8.8	330.7	40.7	371.4
Ŧ	Cost of sales	47.6	12.4	3.6	5.5	69.1	32.2	101.2
FY2014	Gross profit	109.1	135.8	13.6	3.3	261.8	8.4	270.1
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	58.5	101.1	7.3	2.4	169.4	6.2	175.6
Results	Income (loss) of Segment	50.6	34.7	6.2	0.8	92.4	2.2	94.6
lts	R&D costs					70.4	0.9	71.3
	Operating income					22.0	1.3	23.3
	Net sales (Sales to customers)	(10.1)	36.7	1.2	2.4	30.3	1.6	31.8
Ω	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	8.0	2.7	0.3	0.2	3.9	0.3	4.2
Change	Income (loss) of Segment	(9.0)	30.4	1.7	1.6	24.8	(0.4)	24.4
ge	R&D costs					10.7	0.0	10.7
	Operating income					14.0	(0.4)	13.7

Exchange rates:

FY2014 Results : 1US\$ = ¥ 109.8, 1RMB = ¥17.7 FY2015 Results: 1US\$ = ¥ 120.2, 1RMB = ¥18.9



# **Major activities for FY2016**



# > Japan

Net Sales :

Expanding the sales of strategic products (AIMIX®·LONASEN®·TRERIEF®) and new products (Trulicity®·REMITCH®) to minimize the decline in revenue due to NHI price revisions and drop in sales of long-listed products

SG&A expenses less R&D cost :

Optimizing SG&A expenses and the business management structure

## > North America

Net Sales :

Further boosting LATUDA® sales beyond the \$1billion mark and fostering growth of APTIOM® and BROVANA®, and maximizing sales of new products (to be in-licensed in FY 2016) early on

SG&A expenses less R&D cost :

Establishing efficient sales organizations for oncology products and for new products

# > R&D

Accelerating development of napabucasin and other products in later phases

**Target**: Net Sales ¥ 410 billion (1.7% UP vs FY2015)

Operating income ¥ 40 billion (8.3% UP vs FY2015)



Billions of yen

			_		DIIIIONS OF
				Change	
	FY2015	FY2016	Val	ue	0/
	Results	Forecasts		FX rate impact	%
Net sales	403.2	410.0	6.8	(20.3)	1.7
Cost of sales	104.5	99.5	(5.0)	(7.0)	(4.8)
Gross profit	298.7	310.5	11.8	(13.3)	3.9
SG&A expenses	261.8	270.5	8.7	(15.5)	3.3
SG&A expenses less R&D costs	179.8	186.0	6.2	(11.3)	3.5
R&D costs	82.0	84.5	2.5	(4.2)	3.0
Operating income	36.9	40.0	3.1	2.2	8.3
Ordinary income	35.2	40.0	4.8		13.6
Extraordinary income (loss)	4.3	2.5	(1.8)		
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	24.7	25.0	0.3		1.2
E B I T D A	55.8	61.0	5.2		9.4

Exchange rates:

FY2015 Results : 1US\$ = \$ 120.2, 1RMB = \$18.9FY2016 Forecasts : 1US\$ = \$ 110.0, 1RMB = \$17.0

# **Segment Information**



Billions of yen

							Billion	s of yen
			Pharmaceuticals Business  North Other				Other	Total
		Japan	America	China	Regions	Subtotal	Business	
_	Net sales (Sales to customers)	137.6	200.7	16.0	11.8	366.1	43.9	410.0
-Y2	Cost of sales	45.4	11.0	2.8	5.0	64.2	35.3	99.5
FY2016	Gross profit	92.2	189.7	13.2	6.8	301.9	8.6	310.5
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	57.8	110.0	8.1	3.5	179.4	6.6	186.0
reca	Income (loss) of Segment	34.4	79.7	5.1	3.3	122.5	2.0	124.5
Forecasts	R&D costs					83.5	1.0	84.5
•	Operating income					39.0	1.0	40.0
	Net sales (Sales to customers)	146.5	184.9	18.4	11.2	360.9	42.3	403.2
Ŧ	Cost of sales	45.8	16.0	2.8	6.1	70.6	33.8	104.5
FY2015	Gross profit	100.8	168.9	15.6	5.1	290.4	8.3	298.7
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	59.3	103.8	7.6	2.6	173.3	6.5	179.8
Results	Income (loss) of Segment	41.5	65.2	8.0	2.4	117.1	1.8	119.0
<del>II</del> ts	R&D costs					81.1	0.9	82.0
	Operating income					36.0	0.9	36.9
	Net sales (Sales to customers)	(8.9)	15.8	(2.4)	0.6	5.2	1.6	6.8
Ω	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	(1.5)	6.2	0.5	0.9	6.1	0.1	6.2
Change	Income (loss) of Segment	(7.1)	14.5	(2.9)	0.9	5.4	0.2	5.5
ge	R&D costs					2.4	0.1	2.5
	Operating income			_		3.0	0.1	3.1

Exchange rates:

FY2015 Results : 1US\$ = \$ 120.2, 1RMB = \$18.9FY2016 Forecasts : 1US\$ = \$ 110.0, 1RMB = \$17.0



# **Clinical Development Status**

# Clinical Development Status (Major Changes since January 27, 2016)



# Glycopyrronium bromide (SUN-101)

Completed Phase III studies, preparing for the NDA in the U.S.

## Lurasidone hydrochloride

✓ Started new Phase III study for Schizophrenia in Japan

#### **DSP-2230**

✓ Started Phase I study for Neuropathic pain in Japan

#### **DSP-7888**

✓ Started Phase I study of Phase I / II for Pediatric malignant glioma in Japan

## **Newly added**

✓ DSP-1200 Started Phase I study for Treatment-resistant depression in the U.S.

#### **Discontinued**

- √ ranirestat (Japan: Phase III)
- amurubicin hydrochloride (China: Submitted)

# Glycopyrronium bromide (SUN-101) Top Line Results



## Study Design

√ Phase III, 12-week, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group, studies in patients with COPD

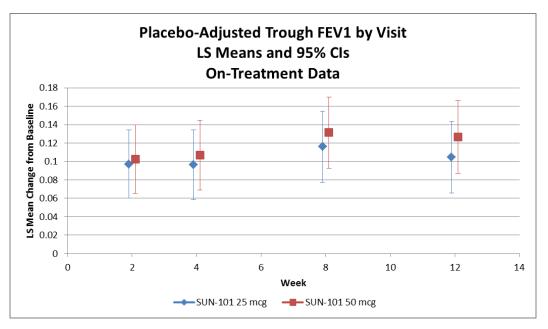
✓ Enrolled Patients: 1,294 (GOLDEN-3 and GOLDEN-4 studies)

✓ Primary endpoint: Change from baseline in trough FEV₁ at end of treatment (week 12)

## Study Results

✓ Efficacy: There were statistically significant improvements in the primary endpoint in both studies

√ Safety: SUN-101 was well tolerated

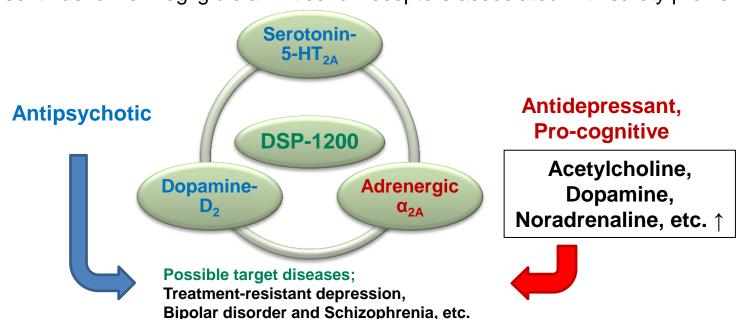


#### **Clinical Development Status**

# **Profile of DSP-1200**



- Target Indication: Treatment-resistant depression
- Origin: In-house
- Pharmacological mechanism: Dopamine D<sub>2</sub>, serotonin 5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, and adrenergic α<sub>2A</sub> receptors antagonist
- Development stage: Phase I study in the U.S.
- Characteristics:
  - ✓ DSP-1200 is expected to enhance acetylcholine, dopamine, and noradrenaline release in prefrontal cortex, which would provide improvement of depressive symptoms and cognitive function.
  - ✓ DSP-1200 may have fewer safety concerns compared with marketed antipsychotics, because it has low or negligible affinities for receptors associated with safety profile.



# FY2016 R&D top priorities



- Submit NDA for glycopyrronium bromide (SUN-101) in the U.S.
- Promote development of focus therapeutic areas
  - Psychiatry & Neurology area
    - ✓ Dasotraline (SEP-225289) : pivotal studies Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) (Adult / Pediatric) Binge eating disorder (BED)
    - ✓ Lurasidone hydrochloride : new Phase III study for Schizophrenia in Japan
  - Oncology area
    - ✓ Napabucasin (BBI608) : pivotal studies
      - Gastric and Gastro-esophageal junction adenocarcinoma (combination therapy with paclitaxel / BRIGHTER)
      - Colorectal cancer (combination therapy with FOLFIRI, FOLFIRI + bevacizumab / 303CRC)
      - Start new pivotal studies (Pancreatic cancer and Non-small cell lung cancer)
    - ✓ Amcasertib (BBI503) : Start a new pivotal study
    - ✓ DSP-7888: Promote development in the U.S. and Japan
- Promote development and commercialization of Regenerative medicine / Cell therapy
  - Creation of Cell processing center In Kobe-City, Hyogo
- Promote in-licensing and M&A
  - New in-licensing (execution of an agreement expected in FY2016)

#### **Clinical Development Status**

# American Society of Clinical Oncology presentation (ASCO 2016, U.S.)



- Seven posters to be presented at the ASCO in June 2016
  - The abstracts will be published on May 18 (US time)

## Napabucasin (BBI608)

- ✓ Phase 1b extension study of cancer stemness inhibitor Napabucasin administered in combination with FOLFIRI +/- Bevacizumab (Bev) in patients (pts) with advanced colorectal cancer (CRC) (BBI608-246)
- ✓ A Phase Ib/II Study of Cancer Stemness Inhibitor Napabucasin Combined with Weekly Paclitaxel in Advanced Triple Negative Breast Cancer (BBI608-201)
- ✓ A Phase Ib/II Study of Cancer Stemness Inhibitor Napabucasin Combined with Weekly Paclitaxel in Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (BBI608-201)
- ✓ A Phase Ib/II Study of Cancer Stemness Inhibitor Napabucasin Combined with Weekly Paclitaxel in Platinum Resistant Ovarian Cancer (BBI608-201)
- ✓ A Phase Ib extension study of cancer stemness inhibitor Napabucasin in combination with Gemcitabine and nab-Paclitaxel (nab-PTX) in patients (pts) with metastatic pancreatic cancer (BBI608-118)
- ✓ The BRIGHTER trial: A phase III randomized double-blind study of Napabucasin + weekly paclitaxel versus placebo (PBO) + weekly paclitaxel in patients (pts) with pretreated advanced gastric and gastro-esophageal junction (GEJ) adenocarcinoma

#### Amcasertib (BBI503)

✓ Phase I Extension Clinical Study of BBI503, a First-in-Class Cancer Stemness Kinase Inhibitor, in Adult Patients with Advanced Head and Neck Cancer (BBI503-101)

#### **Clinical Development Status**

# Napabucasin (BBI608) CO.23 study Top Line Results



- A Phase III Randomized Study of BBI608 and Best Supportive Care Versus Placebo and Best Supportive Care in Patients With Pretreated Advanced Colorectal Carcinoma
- Enrollment (planned): 650 patients
- Primary endpoint: Overall Survival (OS)
- Global Sponsor: Canadian Cancer Trials Group (CCTG; previously known as NCIC-CTG)

NOTE: The study is not statistically powered for detecting projected difference in overall survival, the primary endpoint of this study, as the accrual of enrollment was prematurely stopped in May 2014.

## Results

- Final Data analysis was obtained in May 2016.
- Among all randomized patients (n=282), there was no statistical difference in the median overall survival between napabucasin and placebo arms.
- ➤ In pre-specified subset analysis, napabucasin treatment significantly improved OS in patients with high p-Stat3 expression.
- Detailed results of full data will be submitted for presentation at an upcoming scientific congress by CCTG.

# Clinical Development Status Target submission date of key late-stage pipeline (Updated May 2016)



Area	Development	Submission target					
Alea	Development		FY2017 FY2018 FY20	19 or later			
	SEP-225289 <dasotraline> (Adult , Pediatric ADHD) U.S.</dasotraline>						
	LONASEN®   Continue		•				
Psychiatry &	TRERIEF® <zonisamide> (Parkinsonism in Dementia with Lewy Bodies) Japan</zonisamide>		•				
Neurology	SEP-225289 <dasotraline> (BED) U.S.</dasotraline>		•				
	SM-13496			•			
Oncology	BBI608 <napabucasin> (Gastric and Gastro-esophageal junction adenocarcinoma / Combination therapy) U.S./ Japan</napabucasin>		•				
	BBI608 <napabucasin> (Colorectal cancer/ Combination therapy) U.S./ Japan</napabucasin>						
Respiratory	SUN-101 <pre> <glycopyrronium< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></glycopyrronium<></pre>						

New Indication, etc. **New Chemical Entities** 



# The 3<sup>rd</sup> MTBP & Measures for Subsequent Growth

# **Factors for changes in FY2017 Business Goals**



Changes in the business environment since October 2014

Positive factor

Negative factor

#### Japan Overseas

## New launches through alliances

- · REMITCH®
- Trulicity<sub>®</sub>

#### **Streamlining**

- Sluggish sales of strategic products, etc.
- Accelerated decline of longlisted product sales due to the MHLW's initiative to promote the use of generic drugs

## Delayed new launches

· lurasidone, etc.

#### Weaker yen

(Current assumption: ¥110) (Previous assumption: ¥100)

**Profit improvement in North America** 

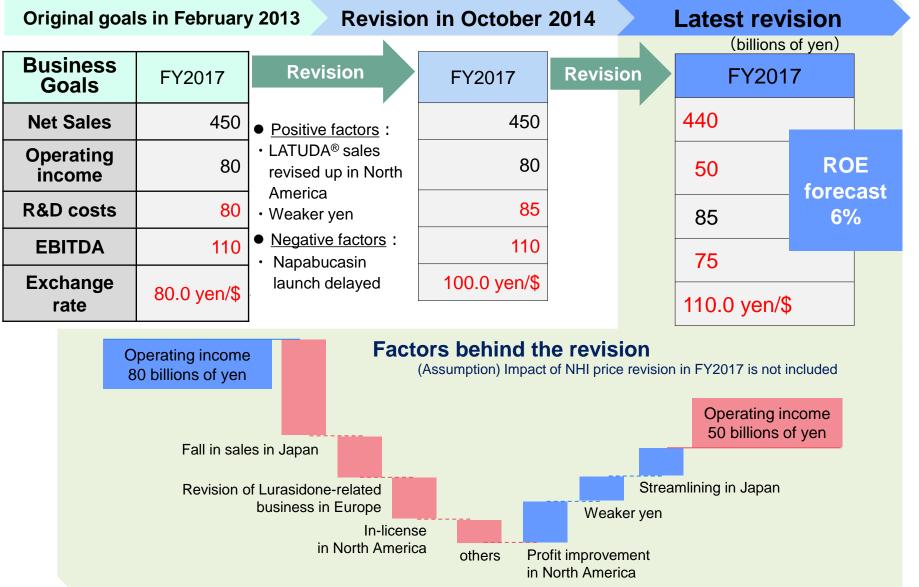
**Change of Lurasidone business structure in Europe** 

**New in-license in North America** 

# **Changes in FY2017 Business Goals**

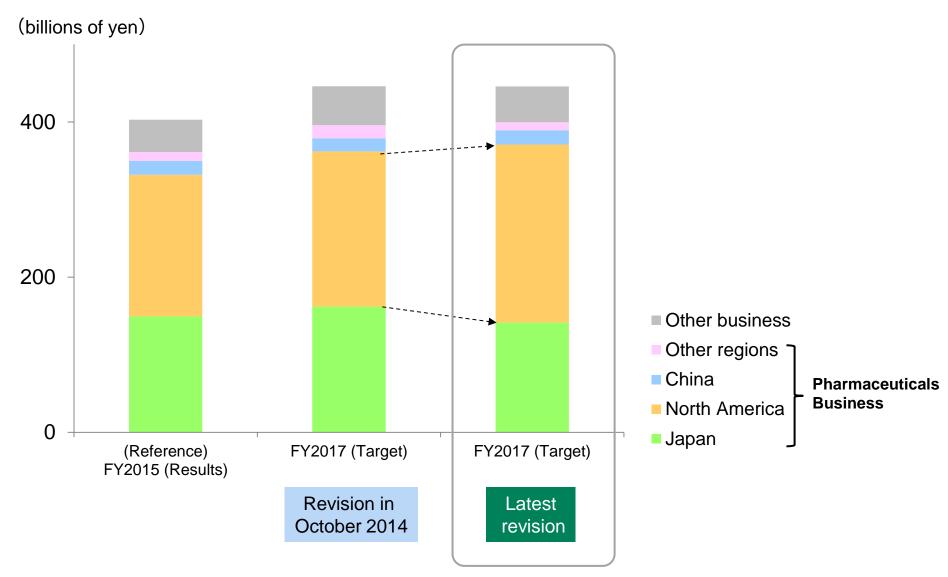
# 3<sup>rd</sup> MTBP Changes in FY2017 business goals





# 3<sup>rd</sup> MTBP Sales targets by region





# Measures for growth after the 3<sup>rd</sup> MTBP (1)



## **Products strategies**

# Sales maximization of strategic products

North America: LATUDA® (FY2017 peak sales), APTIOM®,

BROVANA®, New In-license (Plan to launch in FY2016)

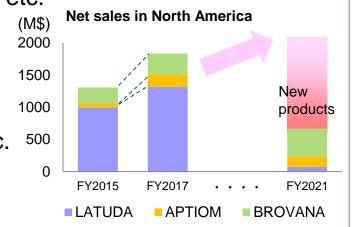
Japan: Trulicity<sub>®</sub>, REMITCH<sup>®</sup>, TRERIEF<sup>®</sup>, etc.

# Launch and early maximization of sales of late development pipeline

Oncology area: napabucasin, etc.

The other areas: dasotraline, SUN-101, etc.

#### **New in-licenses**



Expected sales of key late-stage products (peak sales)

✓ Napabucasin : 100 billion yen or more

✓ Dasotraline : about 50 billion yen

✓ SUN-101 : about 50 billion yen

# Measures for growth after the 3<sup>rd</sup> MTBP (2)



#### Financial / investment strategies

Proactive R&D investments New in-licenses and M&As Adequate dividends (around 20% of net sales)
(up to 150-200 billion yen)
(dividend policy: stable payment, dividend hikes as profits grow)

#### Strengthening foundations / Carrying out structural reform

Japan Optimizing the business management structure

North America Maximizing profits from LATUDA® and building efficient sales organization for new products

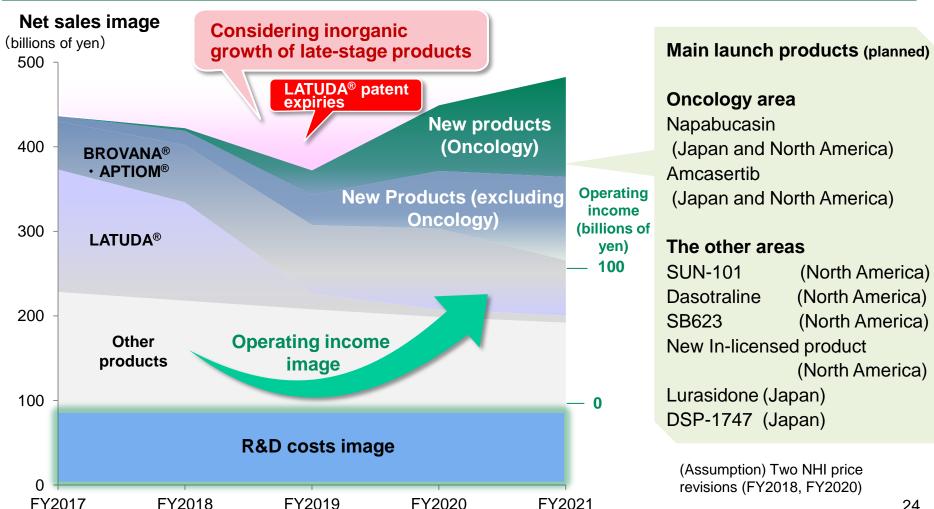
#### Cost reduction

- Trimming SG&A expenses both in Japan and North America existing businesses to prevent increase in total SG&A expenses (except amortization of goodwill and patent rights, etc.) despite the increase due to the launch of napabucasin, dasotraline, SUN-101 and new in-licensed products
- Reorganization of production sites: Consolidating the current four plants into two plants

# Performance forecast after the 3rd MTBP



Drop expected in FY2019 as LATUDA® loses its exclusivity in North America. Shooting for early recovery after FY2020 through launches and growth of late-stage products.





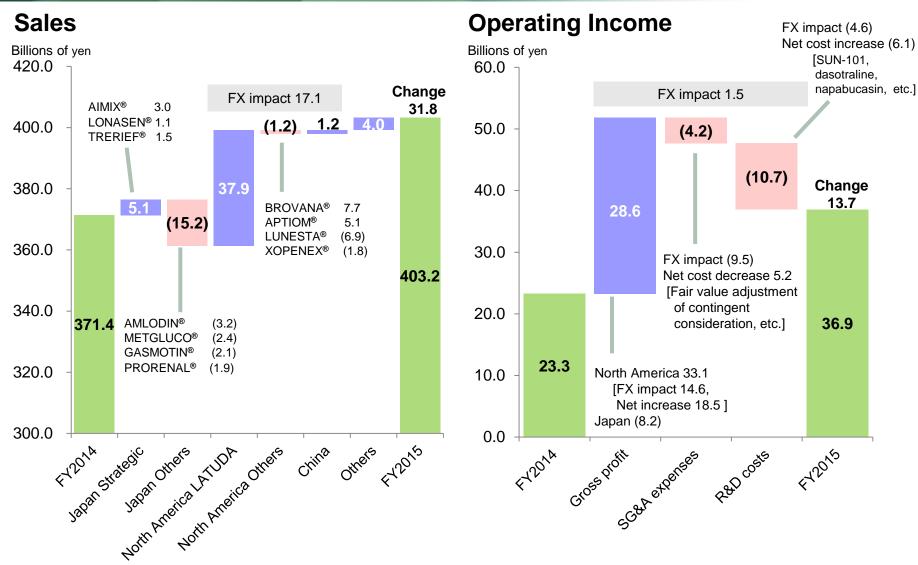
# **Appendices**

		Clinic	al Development Status
<cont< td=""><td>tents&gt;</td><td>P.32</td><td>Development Pipeline (1) (Psychiatry &amp; Neurology)</td></cont<>	tents>	P.32	Development Pipeline (1) (Psychiatry & Neurology)
FY201	15	P.33	Development Pipeline (2) (Oncology)
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			Business Plan 25

#### Appendix (FY2015)

# **Change from FY2014**





Exchange rates:

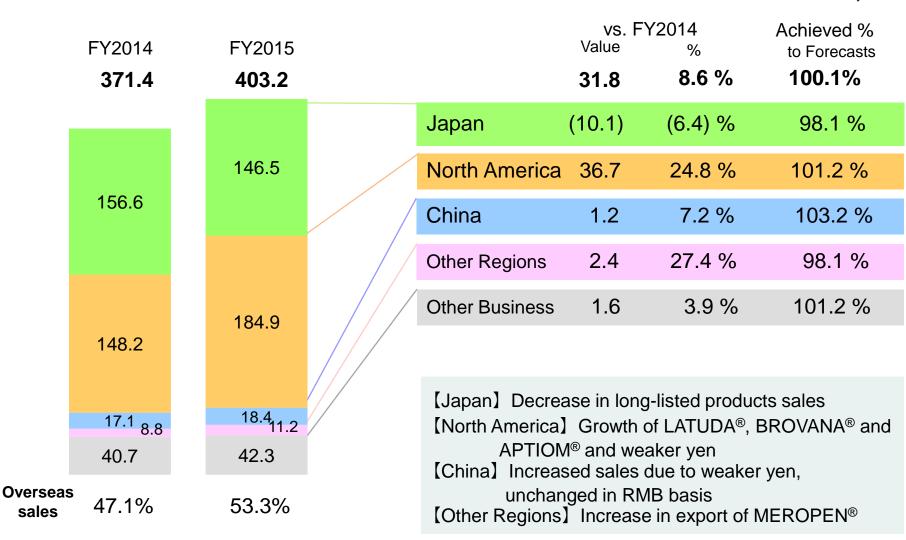
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#### Appendix (FY2015)

# **Net Sales by Segment**



Billions of yen



Exchange rates:

FY2014 Results : 1US\$ = \(\pm\$ 109.8, 1RMB = \(\pm\$17.7 \) FY2015 Results : 1US\$ = \(\pm\$ 120.2, 1RMB = \(\pm\$18.9

# Ordinary income & Net income attributable to owners of parent



Billions of yen

	FY2014	FY2015	Cha	nge
	Results	Results	Value	%
Operating Income	23.3	36.9	13.7	58.7
Non-operating income and expenses	0.1	(1.7)	(1.8)	
Ordinary income	23.3	35.2	11.9	51.0
Extraordinary income	17.7	6.1	(11.6)	
Gain on sales of investment securities	_	6.1		
Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment	16.0	_		
Compensation income for damage	1.7	_		
Extraordinary loss	7.3	1.8	(5.5)	
Business structure improvement expenses	2.0	0.6		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	_	0.6		
Impairment loss	5.3	0.6		
Income taxes	18.3	14.9	(3.4)	
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	15.4	24.7	9.2	59.9

Exchange rates:

FY2014 Results : 1US\$ =  $\pm$  109.8, 1RMB =  $\pm$ 17.7 FY2015 Results : 1US\$ =  $\pm$  120.2, 1RMB =  $\pm$ 18.9

# Appendix (FY2015)

# **Financial Position / Cash Flows**



Billions of yen

B/S	3	As of March 31, 2015	As of March 31, 2016	Change
As	sets	711.6	707.7	(3.9)
	Current assets	401.7	421.6	19.9
	Fixed assets	309.9	286.1	(23.8)
Lia	bilities	260.6	261.2	0.7
	Current liabilities	156.8	179.7	22.9
	Long-term liabilities	103.7	81.5	(22.2)
Ne	t assets	451.0	446.5	(4.5)
Sha	reholders' equity ratio	63.4%	63.1%	

_ ···	
[Assets]	
Cash and time deposits	24.4
Marketable securities	(30.3)
Deferred tax assets (current)	25.1
Intangible assets	(17.3)
[Liabilities]	
Income taxes payable	23.1
Total interest-bearing debt	(35.5)
Long-term ⇒Short-term	22.0
Balance	51.0

C/F	FY2014	FY2015	Change
Operating CF	30.3	49.4	19.2
Investment CF	23.4	15.9	(7.6)
Financial CF	(15.7)	(42.6)	(26.9)
Cash / Cash equivalents	122.8	135.6	12.8
Operating funds	190.9	184.4	(6.6)

# **[Financial CF]**Redemption of bonds in FY2015 (30.0)

# **Sales of Major Products in Japan**



Billions of yen

	FY2015	FY2016	Cha	nge
	Results	Forecasts	Value	%
AIMIX®	14.9	16.1	1.2	7.7
AVAPRO®	10.8	9.3	(1.5)	(14.3)
LONASEN®	12.6	13.8	1.2	9.5
TRERIEF®	13.1	14.5	1.4	10.6
Strategic Products Total	51.5	53.7	2.2	4.3
SUREPOST®	3.6	4.6	1.0	29.1
AmBisome <sup>®</sup>	4.3	4.3	(0.0)	(0.9)
REPLAGAL®	10.2	10.5	0.3	2.8
METGLUCO <sup>®</sup>	14.7	9.8	(4.9)	(33.4)
AMLODIN®	16.4	12.2	(4.2)	(25.8)
GASMOTIN®	8.4	6.0	(2.4)	(28.4)
PRORENAL®	8.7	7.0	(1.7)	(19.6)
MEROPEN®	6.2	4.5	(1.7)	(27.4)
Others	22.4	25.0	2.6	11.4
Other Products Total	95.0	83.9	(11.1)	(11.7)
Japan Total	146.5	137.6	(8.9)	(6.1)

Note: Sales of each products above are shown by gross sales basis.

# Sales of Major Products in North America & China



	FY2015	FY2016		FY2015	FY2016		Change		
	Results	Forecasts	Change		Forecasts	Value	FX rate impact	%	
North America		Million \$		,	В	illion yen			
LATUDA®	1,002	1,152	150	120.4	126.7	6.3	(11.7)	5.3	
APTIOM®	64	124	60	7.6	13.7	6.1	(1.3)	79.3	
BROVANA®	249	286	37	29.9	31.5	1.6	(2.9)	5.4	
Ciclesonide	58	55	(3)	7.0	6.1	(0.9)	(0.6)	(13.1)	
XOPENEX®	56	43	(13)	6.7	4.7	(2.0)	(0.4)	(29.6)	
LUNESTA®	38	26	(12)	4.6	2.9	(1.7)	(0.3)	(36.9)	
Others	72	139	67	8.7	15.1	6.4	(1.4)	73.5	
Total	1,539	1,825	286	184.9	200.7	15.8	(18.5)	8.5	
China		Million RMB		•	В	illion yen			
MEROPEN®	826	805	(21)	15.6	13.7	(1.9)	(1.5)	(12.0)	
Others	148	138	(10)	2.8	2.3	(0.5)	(0.3)	(17.8)	
Total	974	943	(31)	18.4	16.0	(2.4)	(1.8)	(12.9)	

Exchange rates:

FY2015 Results : 1US\$ = ¥ 120.2, 1RMB = ¥18.9 FY2016 Forecasts : 1US\$ = ¥ 110.0, 1RMB = ¥17.0

# Development Pipeline (1) (as of May 11, 2016)



**Psychiatry & Neurology Area** 

Revisions since the previous announcement are in red.

Neurology A	Revisions since the previous announcement are in re				are in red.	
Generic name	Proposed indication	Development location	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Submitted
eslicarbazepine acetate	(New indication) Epilepsy- Monotherapy	Canada				
blonanserin	Schizophrenia	China				
	(Addition of pediatric usage) Schizophrenia	Japan				
	(New formulation: Transdermal patch) Schizophrenia	Japan				
lurasidone	Schizophrenia	China				
hydrochloride	Schizophrenia	Japan				
	Bipolar I depression, Bipolar maintenance	Japan				
vatiquinone	Leigh syndrome	Japan				<b>※</b> 1
dasotraline	Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	U.S.				
	Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	U.S.				<b>%</b> 2
	Binge eating disorder (BED)	U.S.				<b>※</b> 2
zonisamide	(New indication) Parkinsonism in Dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB)	Japan				
TBD	Chronic stroke	U.S.				
TBD	Parkinson disease	U.S.				
	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)	U.S.				
TBD	Neuropathic pain	U.K. / U.S. / Japan				
TBD	Schizophrenia	U.S.				
TBD	Cognitive Impairment Associated with Schizophrenia	U.S.				
TBD	Treatment-resistant depression	U.S.				
	eslicarbazepine acetate blonanserin  lurasidone hydrochloride  vatiquinone dasotraline  zonisamide  TBD  TBD  TBD  TBD  TBD  TBD	eslicarbazepine acetate (New indication) Epilepsy- Monotherapy    Schizophrenia (Addition of pediatric usage) Schizophrenia (New formulation: Transdermal patch) Schizophrenia (Schizophrenia Bipolar I depression, Bipolar maintenance vatiquinone Leigh syndrome    Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	Generic name         Proposed indication         Development location           eslicarbazepine acetate         (New indication) Epilepsy- Monotherapy         Canada           blonanserin         Schizophrenia         China           (Addition of pediatric usage) Schizophrenia         Japan           (New formulation: Transdermal patch) Schizophrenia         Japan           lurasidone hydrochloride         Schizophrenia         China           Schizophrenia         Japan           Vatiquinone         Leigh syndrome         Japan           dasotraline         Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (BED)         U.S.           zonisamide         (New indication) Parkinsonism in Dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB)         Japan           TBD         Chronic stroke         U.S.           TBD         Parkinson disease         U.S.           Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)         U.S.           TBD         Neuropathic pain         U.S.           TBD         Schizophrenia         U.S.           TBD         Cognitive Impairment Associated with Schizophrenia         U.S.	Generic name         Proposed indication         Development location         Phase location           eslicarbazepine acetate         (New indication) Epilepsy- Monotherapy         Canada           blonanserin         Schizophrenia         China           (Addition of pediatric usage) Schizophrenia         Japan           (New formulation: Transdermal patch) Schizophrenia         Japan           Urasidone hydrochloride         Schizophrenia         China           Schizophrenia         Japan         Japan           Vatiquinone         Leigh syndrome         Japan           dasotraline         Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           Zonisamide         (New indication) Parkinsonism in Dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB)         Japan           TBD         Chronic stroke         U.S.           TBD         Parkinson disease         U.S.           Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)         U.S.           TBD         Neuropathic pain         U.K. / U.S. / Japan           TBD         Schizophrenia         U.S.           TBD         Schizophrenia         U.S.	Generic name         Proposed indication         Development location         Phase II           eslicarbazepine acetate         (New indication) Epilepsy- Monotherapy         Canada           blonanserin         Schizophrenia         China           (New formulation: Transdermal patch) Schizophrenia         Japan           lurasidone hydrochloride         Schizophrenia         China           Schizophrenia         Japan           Bipolar I depression, Bipolar maintenance         Japan           vatiquinone         Leigh syndrome         Japan           dasotraline         Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           zonisamide         (New indication) Parkinsonism in Dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB)         Japan           TBD         Chronic stroke         U.S.           TBD         Parkinson disease         U.S.           Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)         U.S.           TBD         Schizophrenia         U.S.           TBD         Schizophrenia         U.S.           TBD         Cognitive Impairment Associated with Schizophrenia         U.S.	Generic name         Proposed indication         Development location         Phase II         Phase III           eslicarbazepine acetate         (New indication) Epilepsy- Monotherapy         Canada           blonanserin         Schizophrenia         China           (New formulation: Transdermal patch) Schizophrenia         Japan           Iurasidone hydrochloride hydrochloride         Schizophrenia         Japan           Schizophrenia         Japan           Schizophrenia         Japan           Vatiquinone         Leigh syndrome         Japan           dasotraline         Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)         U.S.           Zonisamide         (New indication) Parkinsonism in Dementia with Levy Bodies (DLB)         U.S.           TBD         Chronic stroke         U.S.           TBD         Parkinson disease         U.S.           Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)         U.S.           TBD         Neuropathic pain         U.S. (V.S. / Japan)           TBD         Schizophrenia         U.S.           TBD         Cognitive Impairment Associated with Schizophrenia         U.S.

# Development Pipeline (2) (as of May 11, 2016)



Oncology Area (napabucasin, amcasertib)

Revisions since the previous announcement are in red

Oncology Ar	ea (napabuca	Revisions	since the pr	evious ann	ouncemen	t are in red.	
Brand name/ Product code	Generic name	Proposed indication	Development location	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Submitted
BBI608	napabucasin	Colorectal cancer (Monotherapy) (Global clinical trial)	U.S. / Canada / Japan, etc.	Accrual of been stopp	new patients ed	has	
		Gastric and Gastro-esophageal junction adenocarcinoma (Combination therapy) (Global clinical trial)	U.S. / Canada / Japan, etc.				
		Colorectal cancer (Combination therapy) (Global clinical trial)	U.S.				
		Colorectal cancer (Combination therapy)	U.S. / Canada				
		Solid tumors (Ovarian cancer, Breast cancer, Non- small cell lung cancer, Melanoma, etc.) (Combination therapy)	U.S. / Canada			<b>%</b> 1	
		Malignant pleural mesothelioma (Combination therapy)	Japan			<b>※</b> 1	
		Solid tumors (Combination therapy) **3 Hematologic malignancies (Monotherapy / Combination therapy)	U.S. / Canada				
		Solid tumors (Combination therapy) **4	Japan				
BBI503	amcasertib	Solid tumors (Colorectal cancer, Head and Neck cancer, Ovarian cancer, etc.) (Monotherapy)	U.S. / Canada			<b>※</b> 1	
		Solid tumors (Renal cell carcinoma, Urothelial carcinoma, Hepatocellular carcinoma, Cholangiocarcinoma, etc.) (Monotherapy)	Canada				
		Ovarian Cancer (Monotherapy)	U.S.				
		Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	U.S		<b>※</b> 2		
		Solid tumors (Combination therapy)	U.S. / Canada				
		Solid tumors (Monotherapy), Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	Japan				
BBI608 + BBI503	-	Solid tumors (Combination therapy)	U.S.				

<sup>%1/</sup>Phase II of Phase I / II study
%2/Phase I of Phase I / II study

<sup>\*3/</sup>A number of tumor type-specific studies (Gastrointestinal cancer , Hepatocellular carcinoma, Glioblastoma, Pancreatic cancer)

<sup>\*4/</sup>A number of tumor type-specific studies (Hepatocellular carcinoma, Colorectal cancer)

# Development Pipeline (3) (as of May 11, 2016)



#### **Oncology Area (Excluding napabucasin, amcasertib)**

Revisions since the previous announcement are in red.

Brand name/ Product code	Generic name	Proposed indication	Development location	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Submitted
DSP-7888	TBD	Myelodysplastic syndromes	Japan			<b>%</b> 1	
		Solid tumors, Hematologic malignancies	U.S.				
		Pediatric malignant glioma	Japan		<b></b> %2		
WT4869	TBD	Myelodysplastic syndromes	Japan		<b></b> 2		
		Solid tumors	Japan				
WT2725	TBD	Solid tumors, Hematologic malignancies	U.S.				
		Solid tumors	Japan				

%1/Phase II of Phase I / II study

%2/Phase I of Phase I / II study

#### **Respiratory Area**

Brand name/ Product code	Generic name	Proposed indication	Development location	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Submitted
SUN-101	glycopyrronium bromide	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	U.S.				

#### **Other Areas**

Brand name/ Product code	Generic name	Proposed indication	Development location	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Submitted
DSP-1747	obeticholic acid	Nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH)	Japan				
DSP-6952	TBD	IBS with constipation, Chronic idiopathic constipation	Japan				

# Napabucasin – Clinical development progress



Revisions since the announcement of January 2016 **Development Development** Study Proposed indication Combination products Study number location stage initiated U.S. / Canada Gastric and Gastro-esophageal junction BBI608-336 Phase III paclitaxel Aug. 2014 adenocarcinoma (Combination therapy) / Japan, etc. (BRIGHTER) Colorectal cancer FOLFIRI, FOLFIRI and BB608-303CRC U.S. June 2016 Phase III (Combination therapy) bevacizumab (CanStem303C) cetuximab, panitumumab, Colorectal cancer U.S. / Canada Phase II Mar. 2012 BBI608-224 (Combination therapy) capecitabine Phase II U.S. / Canada Solid tumors<sup>\*1</sup> (Combination therapy) paclitaxel Apr. 2011 BBI608-201 Malignant pleural mesothelioma Phase II Japan cisplatin + pemetrexed Feb. 2015 D8807005 (Combination therapy) FOLFOX, FOLFOX + bevacizumab, CAPOX. Gastrointestinal cancer U.S. / Canada FOLFIRI, FOLFIRI + Jan. 2014 Phase I BBI608-246 (Combination therapy) bevacizumab, regorafenib. irinotecan Hepatocellular carcinoma U.S. Phase I Sorafenib Dec. 2014 BBIHCC-103 (Combination therapy) gemcitabine + nab-paclitaxel, FOLFIRINOX, Pancreatic cancer Phase I U.S. Aug. 2014 BBI608-118 (Combination therapy) irinotecan liposome injection + fluorouracil + leucovorin Canada Glioblastoma (Combination therapy) Mar. 2015 Phase I temozolomide BBI608-251 Hematologic Malignancies dexamethasone, bortezomib. BBI608-Phase I U.S. May 2015 (Monotherapy / Combination therapy) imatinib. ibrutinib **103HEME** Hepatocellular carcinoma Phase I Japan Sorafenib Feb. 2015 D8808001 (Combination therapy) Solid tumors Iplimumab, pembrolizumab, U.S. Phase I Aug. 2015 BBI608-201CIT (Combination therapy) nivolumab Colorectal cancer Phase I Dec. 2015 Japan FOLFIRI + bevacizumab D8809001 (Combination therapy)

Study initiated was placed Clinical Trials.gov (as of May 10, 2016)

# Napabucasin, Amcasertib-Clinical development progress



#### **Amcasertib**

No changes after the announcement of January 2016

Development stage	Development location	Proposed indication	Combination products	Study number	Study initiated
Phase II	U.S. / Canada	Solid tumors*1 (Monotherapy)	_	BBI503-101	Feb. 2012
Phase II	Canada	Renal cell carcinoma, Urothelial carcinoma (Monotherapy)		BBI503-205a	July 2016
Phase II	Canada	Hepatocellular carcinoma, Cholangiocarcinoma (Monotherapy)	_	BBI503-205b	Feb. 2015
Phase II	Canada	Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (Monotherapy)	_	BBI503-205c	July 2016
Phase II	U.S.	Ovarian cancer (Monotherapy)	_	BBI503-205GYN-M	June 2015
Phase I	U.S.	Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	sorafenib	BBIHCC-103	Dec. 2014
Phase I	Japan	Solid tumors (Monotherapy), Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	sorafenib	DA101003	Mar. 2015
Phase I	U.S. / Canada	Solid tumors (Combination therapy)	capecitabine, doxorubicin, nivolumab, pembrolizumab, paclitaxel, sunitinib	BBI503-201	Sep. 2015

<sup>\*1/</sup>Colorectal cancer, Head and neck cancer, Ovarian cancer, etc.

## Napabcasin + Amcasertib

Development stage	Development location	Proposed indication	Combination products	Study number	Study initiated
Phase I	U.S.	Solid tumors (Combination therapy)	_	BBI401-101	Apr. 2015

# LATUDA® (Iurasidone) – Clinical development progress



Revisions since the announcement of January 2016

#### Japan / China (In-house)

Indication, Proposed indication	Development location	Development status	Submission plan
Schizophrenia	China	Submitted	_
Schizophrenia	lonon	Phase III	FY2019
Bipolar I depression , Bipolar maintenance	Japan	Phase III	FY2019

#### **Europe (In-house)**

- The license agreement with Takeda for the joint development and exclusive commercialization in Europe was terminated in January 31st, 2016
- The Marketing Authorization (MA) for LATUDA® in EU and Switzerland was transferred to Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Europe Ltd. (SPE) in February 2016.
  - ✓ SPE will start commercializing LATUDA® in May 2016 in the countries where the product has already been launched.
  - For other countries, we will continuously seek a licensing partner.

(Reference)

MA Submitted in: Russia, Turkey

Launched in: UK, Switzerland, Denmark, Norway, the Netherlands, Finland

#### Asia, South America, etc. (Partnering)

- MA Submitted in: Thailand, Hong Kong, Singapore, Venezuela, Brazil
- Approved in: Taiwan (Preparing for launch by Standard Chem. & Pharm.)
- Launched in: Australia (commercialization partnership with Servier Australia)

# **Product Launch Plan (Updated May 2016)**



Japan    Cancer, NSCLC, etc.)   Characterize (Solid tumors)	Area	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020 - FY2022
U.S.  New in-licensed product (In-license)  New in-licensed product (In-license)  New in-licensed product (In-license)  New in-licensed product (In-license)  Obsp-2230 (Neuropathic pain)  SEP-363856 (Schizophrenia)  SEP-363856 (Schizophrenia)  Neuropathic pain)  Neuropathic pain)  SEP-363856 (Schizophrenia)  Neuropathic pain)  Neuropathic pain)  SEP-363856 (Schizophrenia)  Neuropathic pain)  Neuropathic pain)	Japan		(Gastric and Gastro- esophageal junction	(Schizophrenia / Transdermal patch) TRERIEF® (Parkinsonism in Dementia		(Schizophrenia / Bipolar I depression / Bipolar I depression / Bipolar maintenance)  (Colorectal cancer, Pancreatic cancer, NSCLC, etc.)  (DSP-7888 (Solid tumors/ Hematologic cancer)  obeticholic acid (NASH)  (IBS with constipation, Chronic idiopathic constipation)  iPS cell-derived RPE cells (Age-related macular
China	U.S.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Gastric and Gastro- esophageal junction adenocarcinoma)  glycopyrronium bromide		(BED) amucasertib	SB623 (Chronic stroke)  DSP-2230 (Neuropathic pain)  SEP-363856 (Schizophrenia)  (Colorectal cancer, Pancreatic cancer, NSCLC, etc.)  DSP-7888 (Solid tumors/
	China					

# Appendix (Clinical development status) Regenerative Medicine / Cell Therapy of Business Plan (Updated May 2016)



		Region	Cell	ScI	nedule for p	oractical us	e (Calendar y	year)
	Partnering	(planned)	type	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Chronic Stroke	SanBio	North America	Allo MSC	Ph	2b	Pł	13	Approval Target
AMD (age-related macular degeneration)	Healios RIKEN	Japan	Allo iPS cell	Clinical research		stigator or c ted clinical		Approval Target
Parkinson's disease	Kyoto Univ CiRA	Global	Allo iPS cell	Clini	cal resea	rch or clin	ical trial	
Retinitis pigmentosa	RIKEN	Global	Allo iPS cell			Invest	tigator initia al trial	ted
Spinal Cord Injury	Keio Univ Osaka National Hospital	Global	Allo iPS cell			Clin	ical researd	eh



# **Disclaimer Regarding Forward-looking Statements**

The statements made in this presentation material are forward looking statements based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of information available up to the day of announcement, and involve both known and unknown risks and uncertainties.

Actual financial results may differ materially from those presented in this document, being dependent on a number of factors.

Information concerning pharmaceuticals (including compounds under development) contained within this material is not intended as advertising or medical advice.



Innovation today, healthier tomorrows