Supplementary Financial Data for the Third Quarter of the Year Ending March 31, 2015

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January 29, 2015

Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Co., Ltd.

- Forecasts provided in this document are based on the management's assumptions and beliefs, made in light of information available up to the day of announcement. Actual financial results may differ materially from those presented in this document, being dependent upon a number of factors.
- All values are rounded. Therefore totals may not be consistent with aggregated figures.

I. Consolidated Financial Highlights

1. Consolidated Statements of Income

(Billions of yen)

		FY2013	3 FY2014				FY20	14	
		Apr Dec.	Apr Dec.	Change (%) (Note 2)	FY2013	Change (%) (Note 2)	(Foreca (Note	,	Change (%)
Net s	ales	284.5	279.1	(1.9)	387.7	11.5	[366.0]	371.0	(4.3)
	Cost of sales	78.1	75.1	(3.9)	104.1	2.4	[100.5]	101.5	(2.5)
	SG&A expenses	171.7	181.2	5.5	241.5	9.3	[245.5]	249.5	3.3
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	122.8	130.0	5.9	171.6	6.5	[173.5]	176.0	2.5
	R&D costs	49.0	51.2	4.5	69.8	16.6	[72.0]	73.5	5.3
Opera	ating income	34.7	22.8	(34.2)	42.1	68.3	[20.0]	20.0	(52.5)
Ordin	ary income	34.3	22.5	(34.4)	40.6	65.8	[19.5]	20.0	(50.8)
Net ir	ncome	19.2	19.0	(0.9)	20.1	99.7	[14.0]	12.5	(37.7)

Notes 1: Cost of sales includes provision for (reversal of) reserve for sales returns.
2: Change (%) represent ratio of changes from the corresponding period of the previous year.
3: The forecasts have been revised. Figures in parentheses [] are previously disclosed forecasts. Change (%) represents ratio o year-on-year changes to the revised forecasts.

EBITDA (Billions of yen)	55.2	37.3	68.1	39.5
Earnings per share (yen)	48.22	47.81	50.49	31.46
Return on equity (ROE)	5.1%	4.5%	5.4%	3.0%
Payout ratio	28.0%	28.2%	35.7%	57.2%

2. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Billions of yen)

	FY2013 Apr Dec.	FY2014 Apr Dec.
Net cash provided by operating activities	35.4	26.9
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(14.8)	26.7
Net cash used in financing activities	(14.7)	(12.9)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	85.1	125.4

3. Currency Exchange Rates

(Billions of yen)

	2013 AprDec. Average rate	2014 AprDec. Average rate	2014 End of Dec.	FY2014 Assumed rate	Forex sensitivity FY2014 (Impact of yen weaknes by 1yen/USD)	
Yen / USD	99.4	106.7	120.6	108.8	Net Sales	+1.5
Yen / RMB	16.2	17.3	19.4	17.6	Operating Income	+0.0

Note: Net sales and Operating income in FY2014 Apr. Dec. increased by 7.9billion yen and 0.1billion yen respectively, compared to FY2013 Apr.-Dec. due to exchange rate fluctuation.

4 Canital Evnenditures

(Rillions of ven)

4. Capital Experiorures (Billions of							
	FY2013	FY2014	Change	FY2	014		
	AprDec.	Apr Dec.	Change	Forecast	Change		
Capital expenditures	11.3	8.5	(2.8)	12.0	(1.5)		

Note: The amount of capital expenditures are for tangible fixed assets and software.

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5. Depreciation and Amortization (Billions of yell								
	FY2013	FY2014	Change	FY2	014			
	AprDec.	Apr Dec.	Change	Forecast	Change			
Property, plant and equipment	5.3	5.8	0.5	7.3	0.1			
Intangible assets	10.5	3.2	(7.3)	4.2	(9.2)			
Goodwill	3.8	4.0	0.2	5.5	0.4			

(Reference)

Financial Results for DSP

(Billions of yen)

	FY2013 Apr Dec.	FY2014 Apr Dec.	Change (%)	Group-to- parent ratio
Net sales	147.3	137.6	(6.6)	2.03
Cost of sales	44.6	44.8	0.4	
SG&A expenses	86.0	80.3	(6.6)	
SG&A expenses less R&D costs	47.3	45.9	(2.9)	
R&D costs	38.7	34.4	(11.1)	
Operating income	16.7	12.4	(25.6)	1.84
Ordinary income	17.2	13.3	(22.5)	1.69
Extraordinary income	2.8	17.6		
Extraordinary loss	1.4	5.9		
Net income	13.3	18.5	38.9	1.02

Financial Results for Sunovion

(Millions of dollars)

		FY2013	FY2014	
		Apr Dec.	Apr Dec.	Change (%)
Net sales		1,106	1,072	(3.0)
	Cost of sales	125	100	(20.4)
	SG&A expenses	792	843	6.4
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	667	694	4.1
	[amortization of patent rights and goodwill, etc]	[139]	[66]	[(52.3)]
	R&D costs	125	149	18.7
Оре	rating income	188	129	(31.5)
Ordi	nary income	190	132	(30.8)
	Extraordinary income	11	_	
	Extraordinary loss	50	_	
Net i	ncome	80	50	(38.4)

Note: Total of Sunovion's result and amortization of goodwill.

II. Consolidated Statements of (Comprehensive) Income

1. Consolidated Statements of Income (Billions of yen) FY2013 FY2014 Apr.- Dec. Apr.- Dec Change (A) (B) (B)-(A)(%) Japan Segment North America Segment (FX rate impact -11.9 +3.4 +7.2) 279.1 Net sales 284.5 (5.4)(1.9)China Segment Overseas sales 121.3 128.8 7.5 6.2 (FX rate impact +0.7)42.6% [% of net sales] 46.1% Cost of sales 78.1 75.1 (3.9)(3.0)[% of net sales] 27.5% 26.9% Cost of sales % Decrease in North America and China 206.4 204.0 (2.4)Gross profit (1.1)(product mix, sales increase) Increase in Japan 171.7 181.2 SG&A expenses 9.5 5.5 (NHI price revision) Labor costs 48.3 52.4 4.1 8.6 Increase in North America Advertising and promotion costs 12.0 20.8 8.7 72.7 Sales promotion costs 10.2 (5.5)9.6 (0.6)Completed amortization of Depreciation and amortization 11.2 4.0 (7.2)(64.4)a part of patent rights Other costs 41.1 43.2 2.1 Increase in Pharma fee SG&A expenses less R&D costs 122.8 130.0 7.3 5.9 R&D costs 49.0 51.2 2.2 4.5 [% of net sales] 17.2% 18.3% 22.8 (34.2)Operating income 34.7 (11.8)· Increase in gain on investments to 1.7 Non-operating income 2.8 1.1 partnership Non-operating expenses 2.0 3.1 1.1 Ordinary income 34.3 22.5 (11.8)(34.4)Extraordinary income 3.8 17.7 13.8 16.0 16.0 Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment Sale of idle real estate Compensation income for damage 1.7 1.7 Gain on sales of investment securities 2.8 (2.8)FY2013: Fair value adjustment of contingent 1.1 (1.1)In-process R&D in North America consideration FY2014: 6.4 (0.5)59 Extraordinary loss · Fixed assets related to reoraganization of production sites Impairment loss 4.6 5.1 0.5 Business structure improvement expenses 1.8 8.0 (1.0)·Restructuring costs in North America Income before income taxes and minority interests 31.8 34.3 2.5 7.9 ·Retirement payments in Japan FY2014: Income taxes 12.6 15.3 2.7 Retirement payments in Japan Income before minority interests 19.2 (0.2)19.0 (0.9)Net income 19.2 19.0 (0.2)(0.9)

Notes $\,$ 1: Cost of sales includes provision for (reversal of) reserve for sales returns.

2. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

	(Billi	ons of yen)	-
	FY2013 Apr Dec.	FY2014 Apr Dec.	
Income before minority interests	19.2	19.0	
Other comprehensive income	28.2	42.2	
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for- sale securities, net of tax	2.1	2.3	
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	_	0.0	Currency exchange rates : yen/\$
Foreign currency translation adjustments	26.1	39.6	3/2013 12/2013 3/2014 12/2014
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	_	0.2	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Comprehensive income	47.4	61.2	

^{2:} Overseas sales includes exports of non-Pharmaceutical products.

3. Segment Information (FY2014 Apr.- Dec.)

(Billions of yen)

			Ī	Pharmaceution	cals Busines	s		Other	
		Japan	North America*1	Amortization etc.	China	Other Regions	Subtotal	Business *2	Total
Net	sales	120.8	109.7	_	12.3	6.2	249.0	30.1	279.1
	Sales to customers	120.6	109.7	_	12.3	6.2	248.9	30.3	279.1
	Intersegment	0.1	_	_	_	_	0.1	(0.1)	_
	Cost of sales	36.3	9.1	_	2.1	3.7	51.2	23.9	75.1
Gros	s profit	84.5	100.6	_	10.2	2.5	197.8	6.2	204.0
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	43.7	67.1	7.1	5.7	1.8	125.4	4.6	130.0
Income (loss) of segment		40.8	33.5	(7.1)	4.5	0.7	72.4	1.7	74.0
	R&D costs*3						50.6	0.6	51.2
Ope	rating income		•		•		21.8	1.0	22.8

Segment Information (FY2013 Apr.- Dec.)

(Billions of yen)

			I	Pharmaceution	cals Busines	s		Other	
		Japan	North America*1	Amortization etc.	China	Other Regions	Subtotal	Business *2	Total
Net s	ales	132.6	106.3	_	8.2	6.6	253.6	30.9	284.5
	Sales to customers	132.5	106.3	_	8.2	6.6	253.6	30.9	284.5
	Intersegment	0.1	_	_	_	_	0.1	(0.1)	_
(Cost of sales	37.3	11.3	_	1.9	3.4	53.8	24.3	78.1
Gros	s profit	95.3	95.0	_	6.3	3.2	199.8	6.6	206.4
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	46.1	52.9	14.0	4.6	0.7	118.3	4.5	122.8
Inco	me (loss) of segment	49.3	42.1	(14.0)	1.7	2.5	81.6	2.1	83.6
	R&D costs*3				•		48.3	0.6	49.0
Operating income							33.2	1.4	34.7

Segment Information (FY2014 Forecasts) *4

(Billions of yen)

- 00	Segment information (1 12014 1 diecasis) 4 (Dillions of yen)									
			Pharmaceuticals Business							
		Japan	North America*1	Amortization etc.	China	Other Regions	Subtotal	Other Business *2	Total	
Net s	sales	158.6	146.0	_	16.7	8.8	330.1	40.9	371.0	
	Sales to customers	158.5	146.0	_	16.7	8.8	330.0	41.0	371.0	
	Intersegment	0.1	_	_	1	1	0.1	(0.1)	1	
	Cost of sales	48.0	12.4	_	3.3	5.5	69.2	32.3	101.5	
Gros	s profit	110.6	133.6	_	13.4	3.3	260.9	8.6	269.5	
	SG&A expenses less R&D costs	59.5	91.0	9.4	7.4	2.4	169.7	6.3	176.0	
Income (loss) of segment		51.1	42.6	(9.4)	6.0	0.9	91.2	2.3	93.5	
	R&D costs*3						72.5	1.0	73.5	
Oper	rating income						18.7	1.3	20.0	

Notes *1: Excluding amortization of patent rights and goodwill, etc. *2: Including the elimination of intersegment transaction.

*3: R&D costs are controlled globally and not allocated to each segment.

*4: FY2014 forecasts have been revised.

		D	- .		
4.	Sales of	Pharmaceuticals	Business	(Sales to	customers)

(Billions of yen)

	FY2013 AprDec. (A)	FY2014 Apr Dec. (B)	(B)-(A)	Change (%)	Progress Rate vs. FY2014 Forecasts(%)	FY2013	FY2014 (Forecasts)
Japan	132.5	120.6	(11.9)	(9.0)	75.4	171.9	[160.0] 158.5
North America	106.3	109.7	3.4	3.2	78.9	145.3	[139.0] 146.0
China	8.2	12.3	4.2	50.9	73.7	11.9	16.7
Other Regions	6.6	6.2	(0.4)	(5.8)	74.7	16.7	[8.3] 8.8
5. Sales of Major Products						<u>, </u>	

5. Sales of Major Products

Japan(Strategic Products)

(Sales figures before reduction of rebates, Billions of yen)

Japan(Strategic Products)			(Sales	figures beto	ore reduction	of rebates,	Billions of yen)
Brand name (Generic name) Therapeutic indication	FY2013 AprDec. (A)	FY2014 Apr Dec. (B)	(B)-(A)	Change (%)	Progress Rate vs. FY2014 Forecasts(%)	FY2013	FY2014 (Forecasts)
AIMIX [®] (irbesartan/amlodipine) Therapeutic agent for hypertension (Launch: Dec. 2012)	4.9	9.1	4.2	86.5	71.3	6.9	12.8
AVAPRO® (irbesartan) Therapeutic agent for hypertension	9.4	8.7	(0.7)	(7.6)	74.7	12.1	11.6
LONASEN® (blonanserin) Atypical antipsychotic	9.3	8.5	(0.8)	(8.5)	69.4	12.6	[12.3] 11.6
TRERIEF® (zonisamide) Parkinson's disease drug	6.8	8.5	1.7	24.6	70.3	9.5	12.1
Japan (New Products / Specialty P	roducts)		-				
METGLUCO® (metformin) Biguanide oral hypoglycemic	11.7	12.7	1.1	9.1	74.4	15.8	17.1
SUREPOST® (repaglinide) Rapid-acting insulin secretagogue (Launch: May 2011)	1.2	1.7	0.5	43.1	67.8	1.7	2.5
AmBisome® (amphotericin B) Therapeutic agent for systemic fungal infection	3.8	3.4	(0.5)	(12.4)	68.8	4.8	[4.9] 4.5
MIRIPLA® (miriplatin hydrate) Therapeutic agent for hepatocellular Carcinoma	0.9	0.7	(0.2)	(22.8)	71.0	1.2	1.0
REPLAGAL [®] (agalsidase alfa) Anderson-Fabry disease drug	7.7	7.5	(0.2)	(2.6)	75.3	9.8	10.0
Japan(Others)			_				
AMLODIN® (amlodipine) Therapeutic agent for hypertension and angina pectoris	21.2	15.0	(6.2)	(29.3)	76.2	27.0	19.7
GASMOTIN [®] (mosapride citrate) Gastroprokinetic	11.9	8.1	(3.8)	(32.1)	77.0	15.0	10.5
PRORENAL® (limaprost alfadex) Vasodilator	10.7	8.2	(2.6)	(24.0)	77.6	13.5	10.5
MEROPEN® (meropenem) Carbapenem antibiotic	7.8	6.2	(1.6)	(21.0)	76.2	9.8	8.1
EBASTEL® (ebastine) Antiallergic	2.9	2.6	(0.3)	(11.2)	66.0	4.4	3.9

Note: The forecasts of some products have been revised. Figures in parentheses [] are previously disclosed forecasts. Progress rate is against previous forecast.

North America						((Billions o	of yen)
Brand name (Generic name) Therapeutic indication	FY2013 AprDec. (A)	FY2014 Apr Dec. (B)	(B)-(A)	Change (%)	Progress Rate vs. FY2014 Forecasts(%)	FY2013	FY20 (Forec	
LATUDA® (lurasidone) Atypical antipsychotic (Launch: Feb. 2011)	28.7	59.3	30.6	106.3	75.3	42.2	[78.7]	82.7
BROVANA® (arformoterol tartrate) Long-acting beta-agonist	12.3	15.6	3.4	27.3	71.7	16.8	[21.8]	21.5
LUNESTA® (eszopiclone) Sedative hypnotic	42.9	9.6	(33.4)	(77.7)	103.0	58.0	[9.3]	10.9
XOPENEX® (levalbuterol HCI) Short-acting beta-agonist	9.4	6.8	(2.6)	(27.7)	103.3	12.1	[6.6]	8.5
ALVESCO® (ciclesonide) Inhaled corticosteroid	3.3	3.2	(0.1)	(3.6)	93.9	4.2	[3.4]	3.9
APTIOM [®] (eslicarbazepine acetate) Antiepileptic (Launch: Apr. 2014)	-	1.6	1.6	-	43.9	-	[3.6]	2.3
OMNARIS® (ciclesonide) Corticosteroid nasal spray	1.6	1.2	(0.4)	(24.6)	95.3	2.1	[1.3]	1.5
ZETONNA [®] (ciclesonide) Corticosteroid nasal spray (Launch: Jul. 2012)	1.5	1.0	(0.5)	(35.3)	108.8	1.9	[0.9]	1.2
Industrial property revenues	3.1	8.4	5.2	165.7	91.8	4.1	[9.1]	9.5

(Billions of yen) China FY2013 FY2014 Progress Rate Change FY2014 Brand name (Generic name) (B)-(A) FY2013 Apr.-Dec. Apr.- Dec. vs. FY2014 (Forecasts) (%) Forecasts(%) (A) (B) MEROPEN® (meropenem) 6.6 10.2 53.5 14.0 3.6 72.8

(Billions of yen) Other Regions FY2013 FY2014 Progress Rate vs. FY2014 Change FY2014 Brand name (Generic name) Apr.-Dec. Apr.- Dec. (B)-(A) FY2013 (%) (Forecasts) Forecasts(%) (A) (B) MEROPEN® (meropenem) (Export) 4.2 2.9 (1.3)(30.9)73.4 5.6 [4.0] 4.7 EXCEGRAN® (zonisamide) (Export) 1.1 1.3 0.2 21.1 102.3 1.3 1.3 Industrial property revenues 0.6 0.2 (0.4)55.9 9.1 0.4 (63.5)

(Reference) Sales of Products in North America Segment (based on local currency) (Millions of dollars) FY2013 FY2014 Progress Rate Brand name (Generic name) Change FY2014 vs. FY2014 FY2013 Apr.-Dec. Apr.- Dec. (B)-(A) (%) (Forecasts) Forecasts(%) Therapeutic indication (A) (B) LATUDA® (lurasidone) 289 555 266 92.1 74.2 421 [749] 760 BROVANA® (arformoterol tartrate) 124 18.5 70.7 168 198 146 23 [207] LUNESTA® (eszopiclone) 432 90 (343)(79.2)102.0 579 100 [88] XOPENEX® (levalbuterol HCI) 95 64 (31)(32.7)103.0 121 78 [62] ALVESCO® (ciclesonide) 33 30 90.6 42 36 (3) (10.2)[33] APTIOM® (eslicarbazepine acetate) 15 42.3 15 [35] 21 OMNARIS® (ciclesonide) 12 89.2 14 17 (5) (29.8)21 [13] ZETONNA® (ciclesonide) 15 9 (6)(39.8)102.0 19 11 [9] 41 Industrial property revenues 32 78 47 147.2 89.9 87

Note: The forecasts of some products have been revised. Figures in parentheses [] are previously disclosed forecasts. Progress rate is against previous forecast.

III. Consolidated Balance Sheets

ASSETS

(Billions of yen)								
s of c. 31,	(R)-(Δ)							

		(
	As of Mar. 31, 2014 (A)	As of Dec. 31, 2014 (B)	(B)-(A)	
[Assets]	659.0	716.9	57.9	
Current assets:	359.6	407.0	47.4	
Cash and time deposits	22.7	33.0	10.3	
Notes and accounts receivable	111.7	105.2	(6.5)	
Marketable securities	82.0	117.2	35.3	
Inventories	59.1	66.1	7.0	Increase in certificate of
Deferred tax assets	37.3	38.6	1.3	deposit
Short-term loans receivable	41.7	42.2	0.5	
Others	5.2	4.8	(0.4)	
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(0.1)	(0.1)	0.0	
Fixed assets:	299.4	309.9	10.5	
Property, plant and equipment:	72.7	65.8	(6.9)	
Buildings and structures	44.4	41.7	(2.7)	
Machinery, equipment and carriers	9.6	9.1	(0.5)	
Land	8.4	6.4	(2.0)	Sale of idle real estate
Construction in progress	3.1	1.4	(1.7)	
Others	7.2	7.2	0.1	
Intangible assets:	156.8	172.3	15.5	Amortization -4.0
Goodwill	80.7	89.7	9.0	Exchange +13.0
In-process research & development	56.1	60.9	4.8	Exchange +4.8
Others	20.1	21.7	1.7	
Investments and other assets:	69.9	71.8	1.9	
Investment securities	50.8	56.1	5.3	
Asset for retirement benefit	4.7	4.7	0.0	
Deferred tax assets	8.6	4.8	(3.8)	
Others	5.9	6.3	0.4	
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	
Total assets	659.0	716.9	57.9	

Accounts receivable turnover period (in months)

3.46 3.39 (Billions of yen)

		(Dillic	7110 O1 YO11)	•
	As of Mar. 31, 2014 (A)	As of Dec. 31, 2014 (B)	(B)-(A)	
[Liabilities]	260.5	264.6	4.1	
Current liabilities:	131.2	134.9	3.7	
Notes and accounts payable	11.7	15.9	4.2	
Current portion of long-term loans payable	10.0	9.0	(1.0)	
Income taxes payable	10.5	3.1	(7.4)	
Reserve for bonuses	7.8	5.5	(2.3)	
Reserve for sales returns	9.9	8.0	(1.9)	
Reserve for sales rebates	26.4	35.3	8.9	Impact of weak yen and Latuda sales increase
Accounts payable-other	35.9	35.3	(0.7)	L
Others	18.9	22.7	3.8	
Long-term liabilities:	129.3	129.8	0.5	
Bonds payable	60.0	60.0	-	
Long-term loans payable	25.0	20.4	(4.6)	Total interest-bearing debt 95.0→89.4
Deferred tax liabilities	15.7	15.9	0.2	
Liability for retirement benefit	13.9	14.1	0.2	
Others	14.7	19.3	4.6	
[Net assets]	398.5	452.3	53.7	
Shareholders' equity:	356.5	368.0	11.5	
Common stock	22.4	22.4	-	
Capital surplus	15.9	15.9	0.0	Net income +19.0
Retained earnings	318.9	330.4	11.5	Payment of dividend -7.2
Treasury stock	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.0)	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):	42.1	84.3	42.2	
Unrealized gains on available-for- sale securities, net of tax	17.2	19.6	2.3	
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	Currency exchange rates: yen/\$ 03/2014 12/2014
Foreign currency translation adjustments	26.8	66.4	39.6	102.9 → 120.6
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(2.0)	(1.7)	0.2	
Total liabilities and net assets	659.0	716.9	57.9	

IV. Quarterly Business Results

(Billions of yen)

		FY2	:013	FY2014			
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
Net sales	89.6	91.8	103.1	103.2	89.7	88.5	100.8
Cost of sales	25.3	25.2	27.7	26.0	24.1	24.4	26.6
SG&A expenses	55.3	58.2	58.2	69.7	57.0	60.9	63.3
SG&A expenses less R&D costs	40.6	41.4	40.7	48.9	41.8	43.0	45.3
R&D costs	14.7	16.8	17.5	20.8	15.2	18.0	18.0
Operating income (loss)	9.0	8.4	17.2	7.5	8.7	3.3	10.9
Non-operating income	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.4	1.3	1.0	0.5
Non-operating expenses	0.5	0.8	0.8	1.6	0.5	1.1	1.6
Ordinary income (loss)	9.5	7.9	16.9	6.3	9.6	3.2	9.8
Extraordinary income	_	3.8	0.0	0.2	1.7	8.3	7.7
Extraordinary loss	1.0	5.3	0.1	3.6	0.1	0.5	5.3
Income (Loss) before income taxes and minority interests	8.5	6.5	16.8	2.9	11.1	10.9	12.2
Net income (loss)	4.8	3.9	10.5	0.9	5.8	6.0	7.2

Note: Cost of sales includes provision for (reversal of) reserve for sales returns.

V. Major Consolidated Subsidiaries (As of December 31, 2014)

Domestic	DSP Gokyo Food & Chemical Co., Ltd.	DS Pharma Animal Health Co., Ltd.	DS Pharma Biomedical Co., Ltd.
Establishment	October 1947	July 2010	June 1998
Ownership	100%	100%	100%
Number of employees	157	104	63
Businesses	Manufacturing and sales of food ingredients, food additives, chemical product materials, etc.	Manufacturing, and sales of veterinary medicines, etc.	Manufacturing and sales of diagnostics, etc.

Overseas	Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Boston Biomedical, Inc.	Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.
Establishment	January 1984	November 2006	December 2003
Ownership	100%	100%	100%
Number of employees	1,595	77	733
Businesses	Manufacturing and sales of pharmaceuticals	R&D in the oncology area	Manufacturing and sales of pharmaceuticals

(Reference) Number of employees and MRs

		As of	As of
		Mar. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2014
СО	nsolidated	7,015	6,933
non-consolidated		4,331	4,195
MRs Japan	(excluding managers)	1,400	1,370
	(including managers)	1,600	1,550
MRs U.S.	(excluding managers)	710	700
	(including managers)	810	800
MRs China	(excluding managers)	390	380
	(including managers)	480	470

VI. Development Pipeline (As of January 29, 2015)

Major Products under Development in Japan

Stage in JPN	Brand name/ Product code Formulation	Generic name	Proposed indication	Origin	Remarks
	AS-3201 Oral	ranirestat	Diabetic neuropathy	In-house	
		lurasidone hydrochloride	Schizophrenia		Approved in the U.S., Canada, Europe and Australia
	SM-13496 Oral		Bipolar I depression	In-house	Approved in the U.S. and Canada
			Bipolar maintenance		
Phase III	BBI608 Oral	TBD	Colorectal cancer (Monotherapy)	In-house	Global clinical trial Further enrollment of new patients was stopped and all patients discontinued therapy study drug in May 2014
			Gastric cancer, Gastro-esophageal junction adenocarcinoma (Combination therapy)	In-house	Global clinical trial
	LONASEN [®] Oral		(Addition of pediatric usage) Schizophrenia		
	LONASEN [®] Transdermal Patch	blonanserin	(New formulation – Transdermal patch) Schizophrenia	In-house	Co-development with Nitto Denko Approved formulation: Oral
Phase II/III	EPI-743 Oral	TBD	Leigh syndrome	Edison Pharmaceuticals	

Stage in JPN	Brand name/ Product code Formulation	Generic name	Proposed indication	Origin	Remarks
	DSP-1747 Oral	obeticholic acid	Nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH)	Intercept Pharmaceuticals	
Phase II	DSP-6952 Oral	TBD	IBS with constipation, Chronic idiopathic constipation	In-house	
	TRERIEF [®] Oral	zonisamide	(New indication) Parkinsonism in Dementia with Lewy Bodies (DLB)	In-house	
	WT4869 Injection	TBD	Myelodysplastic syndromes	Joint research with Chugai Pharmaceutical	Independent development after April 2013
Phase I/II	BBI608 Oral	TBD	Malignant pleural mesothelioma (Combination therapy)	In-house	
	WT4869 Injection	TBD	Solid tumors	Joint research with Chugai Pharmaceutical	Independent development after April 2013
	WT2725 Injection	TBD	Solid tumors	Joint research with Chugai Pharmaceutical	Independent development after April 2013
Phase I	BBI608 Oral	TBD	Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	In-house	
	BBI503 Oral	TBD	Solid tumors (Monotherapy), Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	In-house	

[Main revisions since the announcement of October 2014]

SUREPOST® (New indication : Type 2 diabetes) Deleted due to approval (Approved in November 2014)
BBI608 (Malignant pleural mesothelioma / Combination therapy) Newly added in Phase I /II
BBI608(Hepatocellular carcinoma / Combination therapy) Newly added in Phase I
BBI503 (Solid tumors / Monotherapy, Hepatocellular carcinoma / Combination therapy)

Newly added in Phase I

Major Products under Development in Foreign Markets

Stage	Brand name/ Product code Formulation	Generic name	Proposed indication	Origin	Country/ Area	Remarks
	Amrubicin hydrochloride Injection	amrubicin hydrochloride	Small cell lung cancer	In-house	China	Submitted in August 2012 Brand name in Japan: CALSED®
Submitted	Blonanserin Oral	blonanserin	Schizophrenia	In-house	China	Submitted in September 2013 Brand name in Japan: LONASEN®
	APTIOM [®] Oral	eslicarbazepine acetate	(New indication) Epilepsy (Monotherapy)	BIAL	U.S. , Canada	Submitted in October 2014 Approved indication: Epilepsy (Adjunctive therapy)
	BBI608 Oral	TBD	Colorectal cancer (Monotherapy)	In-house	U.S., Canada, etc.	Global clinical trial Further enrollment of new patients was stopped and all patients discontinued therapy study drug in May 2014
			Gastric cancer, Gastro-esopha geal junction adenocarcinoma (Combination therapy)		U.S., Canada, etc.	Global clinical trial
Phase III	SM-13496 Oral		Schizophrenia		China	Approved in the U.S., Canada, Europe and Australia
	LATUDA [®] Oral	lurasidone hydrochloride	(New indication) Bipolar maintenance		U.S., Europe, etc.	
			(New indication) MDD with mixed features			
	SEP-225289 Oral	dasotraline	Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	In-house	U.S.	
	SUN-101 Inhalant	glycopyrrolate bromide	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	In-house	U.S.	From the former Elevation Pharmaceuticals

Stage	Brand name/ Product code Formulation	Generic name	Proposed indication	Origin	Country/ Area	Remarks
	BBI608 Oral	TBD	Colorectal cancer (Combination therapy)	In-house	U.S., Canada	
			Renal cell carcinoma, Urothelial carcinoma (Monotherapy)			
Phase II	BBI503 Oral	TBD	Hepatocellular carcinoma, Cholangio carcinoma (Monotherapy)	In-house	Canada	
			Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (Monotherapy)			
	SB623 Injection	TBD	Chronic Stroke	SanBio	U.S.	Joint development with SanBio
	BBI608 Oral	TBD	Solid tumors (Combination therapy)		U.S., Canada	Phase II: Ovarian cancer, Breast cancer, Non-small cell lung cancer, Melanoma, etc.
			Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	In-house	U.S.	
Phase I/II			Glioblastoma (Combination therapy)		Canada	
	BBI503 Oral	TBD	Solid tumors (Monotherapy)	In house	U.S., Canada	Phase II: Colorectal cancer, Head and Neck cancer, Ovarian cancer, etc.
			Hepatocellular carcinoma (Combination therapy)	In-house	U.S.	

Stage	Brand name/ Product code Formulation	Generic name	Proposed indication	Origin	Country/ Area	Remarks
	DSP-2230 Oral	TBD	Neuropathic pain	In-house	U.K., U.S.	
	WT2725 Injection	TBD	Solid tumors, Hematologic malignancies	Joint research with Chugai Pharmaœutical	U.S.	Independent development after April 2013
	SEP-363856 Oral	TBD	Schizophrenia	In-house	U.S.	
Phase I	BBI608 Oral	TBD	Gastrointestinal cancer (Combination therapy)	In-house	U.S., Canada	
			Pancreatic cancer (Combination therapy)		U.S.	
			Hematologic malignancies (Monotherapy / Combination therapy)			
	SEP-225289 Oral	dasotraline	Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	In-house	U.S.	
	DSP-3748 Oral	TBD	Cognitive impairment associated with schizophrenia	In-house	U.S.	

^{*} Phase I study of EPI-589 which was in-licensed from Edison Pharmaceuticals (in-licensed territories: Japan and North America) is ongoing in Europe by Edison Pharmaceuticals.

[Main revisions since the announcement of October 2014]

SUN-101 (Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)) Changed from Phase II to Phase III
BBI608 (Glioblastoma / Combination therapy) Newly added in Phase I / II in Canada
BBI608 (Hematologic malignancies / Monotherapy, Combination therapy)

Newly added in Phase I in the U.S.

Major Products under Development by Licensees

Generic / Product code (Brand name in JPN)	Proposed indications	Status of development
vosaroxin AG-7352	Cancer	Out-licensed to Sunesis Pharmaceuticals Inc. for the worldwide territory in October 2003. Phase III study completed in North America by Sunesis (Sunesis' product code: SNS-595) in October 2014.
amrubicin hydrochloride (CALSED [®])	Small cell lung cancer	Out-licensed to Celgene (former Pharmion) for the U.S. and European territories in June 2005. Phase III study completed in the U.S. and Europe by Celgene.
droxidopa (DOPS [®])	Neurogenic orthostatic hypotension, Intradialytic hypotension, Fibromyalgia	Out-licensed to Lundbeck (former Chelsea Therapeutics) for the worldwide territory, excluding Japan, China, Korea and Taiwan in May 2006. Lundbeck obtained the approval for neurogenic orthostatic hypotension in the U.S. in February 2014, and launched in the U.S. in September 2014 (Lundbeck's brand name: NORTHERA TM). Phase II study of fibromyalgia and phase II study of intradialytic hypotension completed by Lundbeck.
lurasidone hydrochloride SM-13496	Schizophrenia Bipolar disorder	Entered into a license agreement with Takeda Pharmaceutical for co-development and exclusive commercialization for the European territory, excluding the U.K. in March 2011. Takeda submitted an MAA in Europe for schizophrenia in September 2012. Takeda obtained the approval for schizophrenia in Switzerland in August 2013. Out-licensed to Standard Chem. & Pharm. for Taiwan in August 2013, and submitted for schizophrenia in Taiwan in October 2013. Out-licensed to Daiichi Sankyo for rights or option rights in four South American countries to commercialize in January 2014 Takeda obtained the approval in Europe for schizophrenia in March 2014. Takeda submitted in Russia and Turkey for schizophrenia in December 2014. Daiichi Sankyo submitted in Venezuela for schizophrenia in December 2014. Entered into a distribution, marketing and sales agreement with DKSH Thailand for Thailand, Hong Kong and Singapore in January 2015. DKSH submitted for schizophrenia in Thailand in November 2014, in Hong Kong in December 2014.
SMP-986	Nocturia e announcement of Octob	Out-licensed to Nippon Shinyaku for rights in Japan to develop and commercialize in March 2013. Phase II study completed in Japan by Nippon Shinyaku. (Nippon Shinyaku's product code: NS-986).

[Main revisions since the announcement of October 2014]

Lurasidone hydrochloride (SM-13496)

Takeda Pharmaceutical submitted in Russia and Turkey for schizophrenia in December 2014

Daiichi Sankyo Pharmaceutical submitted in Venezuela for schizophrenia in December 2014

Entered into a distribution, marketing and sales agreement with DKSH Thailand. DKSH submitted for schizophrenia in Thailand and Hong Kong from November to December 2014

VII. Profile of Major Products under Development (As of January 29, 2014)

APTIOM® (eslicarbazepine acetate) Epilepsy

- In-licensed from BIAL Portela & C^a, S.A.
- A novel voltage-gated sodium channel blocker, is taken once daily and can be taken whole or crushed, with or without food. APTIOM[®] is not classified as a controlled substance by the FDA.
- Sunovion obtained the approval of APTIOM[®] for use as adjunctive treatment of partial-onset seizures in the U.S. in November 2013 and launched in the U.S. in April 2014. The approval is based on three global studies which were jointly performed with BIAL. These were randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled studies, which included more than 1,400 people living with partial-onset seizures inadequately controlled by one to three concomitant AEDs. APTIOM[™] was approved for use as adjunctive treatment of partial-onset seizures in Canada in July 2014.
- Development stage:

Epilepsy (monotherapy): Submitted in the U.S. and Canada in October 2014.

LATUDA® (lurasidone hydrochloride) Schizophrenia, Bipolar disorder

- Developed in-house
- LATUDA[®] (lurasidone hydrochloride) is an atypical antipsychotic agent that is believed to have an affinity for dopamine D₂, serotonin 5-HT_{2A} and serotonin 5-HT₇ receptors where it has antagonist effects. In addition, LATUDA is a partial agonist at the serotonin 5-HT_{1A} receptor and has no appreciable affinity for histamine or muscarinic receptors.
- In the clinical studies supporting the U.S. FDA approval, the efficacy of LATUDA for the treatment of schizophrenia was established in four, short-term (6-week), placebo-controlled clinical studies in adult patients. In these studies, LATUDA demonstrated significantly greater improvement versus placebo. A total of five short-term placebo-controlled clinical studies contributed to the understanding of the tolerability and safety profile of LATUDA. LATUDA was approved for the treatment of schizophrenia by the U.S. FDA in October 2010, and launched by Sunovion in the U.S. in February 2011. For the treatment of schizophrenia, LATUDA was approved in Canada in June 2012, in Switzerland in August 2013, in Europe and Australia in March 2014.

For the treatment of bipolar I depression, LATUDA was approved as the first atypical antipsychotic indicated for the treatment of bipolar I depression as a monotherapy and as an adjunctive therapy to lithium or valproate by the U.S. FDA in June 2013. In addition, LATUDA was approved in Canada in March 2014.

Development stage:

Stage	Proposed indication	Country, Area	Partners	
	Schizophrenia	Russia, Turkey	Takeda Pharmaceutical	
	Cohizanhrania	Taiwan	Standard Chem. &	
Submitted	Schizophrenia	Taiwan	Pharm.	
	Schizophrenia	Thailand, Hong Kong,	DKSH	
	Schizophrenia	Venezuela	Daiichi Sankyo	
	Schizophrenia	Japan, China	In-house	
	Bipolar I depression	Japan	In-house	
Phase III	Bipolar I depression	Europe	Takeda Pharmaceutical	
	Bipolar maintenance	U.S., Europe, Japan, etc.	In-house	
	MDD with mixed features	U.S., Europe, etc.	In-house	

ranirestat (AS-3201) Diabetic neuropathy

- Developed in-house
- AS-3201 is expected to alleviate diabetic neuropathy, a complication of diabetes, by inhibiting aldose reductase and thereby inhibiting the accumulation of intracellular sorbitol that causes diabetic neuropathy. This compound has a stronger inhibitory effect and is longer-acting compared to other drugs in this therapeutic area. Clinical studies have shown AS-3201 to have good penetration into nerve tissues, resulting in dose-dependent inhibition of intraneural accumulation of sorbitol and fructose. Based on the results of clinical studies, AS-3201 is expected to show improvement of neuronal function and symptoms related to diabetic neuropathy.
- Development stage: Phase III in Japan

BBI608 Solid tumors

- Developed in-house (Boston Biomedical, Inc.)
- BBI608 is a small-molecule compound with a novel mechanism that blocks cancer stem cells (cancer
 cells with stem cell-like properties) self-renewal and induces cell death in cancer stem cells as well as
 other heterogeneous cancer cells. By targeting cancer stem cells in addition to heterogeneous
 (non-stem) cancer cells, it may provide a new therapeutic option against cancer challenges such as
 treatment resistance, recurrence and metastasis.
- BBI608 has been shown to inhibit the Stat3 pathways, Nanog pathways and β-catenin pathways in the pre-clinical study.
- Development stage:

Stage	Proposed indication	Country, Area	Combination products	Study number
	Colorectal cancer (monotherapy)*1	U.S., Canada, Japan, etc.	-	CO.23
Phase III	Gastric cancer, Gastro-esophageal junction adenocarcinoma (combination therapy)	U.S., Canada, Japan, etc.	paclitaxel	336 (BRIGHTER)
Phase II	Colorectal cancer (combination therapy)	U.S., Canada	cetuximab, panitumumab or capecitabine	224
	Solid tumors*2 (combination therapy)	U.S., Canada	paclitaxel	201
Phase	Hepatocellular carcinoma (combination therapy)	U.S.	sorafenib	HCC-103
1/11	Glioblastoma (combination therapy)	Canada	temozolomide	251
	Malignant pleural mesothelioma (combination therapy)	Japan	cisplatin and pemetrexed	D8807005
	Gastrointestinal cancer (combination therapy)	U.S., Canada	FOLFOX ^{*3} , FOLFOX ^{*3} and bevacizumab, CAPOX ^{*3} , FOLFIRI ^{*3} , FOLFIRI ^{*3} and bevacizumab, or regorafenib	246
Phase I	Pancreatic cancer (combination therapy)	U.S.	gemcitabine and nab-paclitaxel	118
	Hematologic malignancies (monotherapy / combination therapy)	U.S.	dexamethasone	103HEME
	Hepatocellular carcinoma (combination therapy)	Japan	sorafenib	D8808001

^{*1} Further enrollment of new patients was stopped and all patients discontinued therapy study drug in May 2014.

*2 Phase II: Ovarian cancer, Brest cancer, Non-small cell lung cancer, Melanoma, etc.

*3 FOLFOX: Combination therapy with fluorouracil, leucovorin, oxaliplatin

CAPOX: Combination therapy with capecitabine, oxaliplatin

FOLFIRI: Combination therapy with fluorouracil, leucovorin, irinotecan

dasotraline (SEP-225289) Attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)

- Developed in-house (Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc.)
- SEP-225289 is a DNRI that inhibits the reuptake of dopamine and norepinephrine. SEP-225289 is being developed as a once daily long-acting treatment that will be effective throughout the day. Because of its ability to maintain a stable concentration in blood levels all day, it is expected to be effective over the course of the day.
- Development stage:

Adult attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD): Phase III in the U.S.

Pediatric attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD): Phase I in the U.S.

glycopyrrolate bromide (SUN-101) Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

- Developed in-house (Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc.)
- SUN-101 is a proprietary solution formulation of glycopyrrolate bromide, delivered by a customized eFlow[®] Nebulizer System (originated by and licensed from PARI Pharma GmbH), which was developed to optimize medication delivery and allow ease of use. Including products on the market and in development in this therapeutic area, SUN-101 is currently the only LAMA (long-acting muscarinic antagonist) in nebulized form.
- Development stage: Phase III in the U.S.

EPI-743 Mitochondrial disease

- In-licensed from Edison Pharmaceuticals
- EPI-743 is to synchronize energy generation in the mitochondria with the counterbalancing of redox stress. It is expected to be a world's first treatment for mitochondrial diseases beginning with Leigh syndrome.
- Development stage: Phase II/III in Japan for Leigh syndrome

DSP-1747 Nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), Primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC)

- In-licensed from Intercept Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Intercept's product code: INT-747)
- DSP-1747 is an agonist to farnesoid X receptor (FXR) whose ligand is the primary human bile acid chenodeoxycholic acid, the natural endogenous FXR agonist. The compound is expected to be effective for hepatic dysfunction and hepatic fibrosis associated with an increase of bile acid in the liver.
- Development stage: Phase II in Japan for NASH. Phase II for PBC is under consideration.

DSP-6952 IBS with constipation, Chronic idiopathic constipation

- Developed in-house
- DSP-6952 is a high affinity serotonin-4 receptor partial agonist with enterokinetic effect. DSP-6952 is expected to be effective for IBS with constipation and chronic idiopathic constipation by increasing complete spontaneous bowel movement.
- Development stage: Phase II in Japan

BBI503 Solid tumors

- Developed in-house (Boston Biomedical, Inc.)
- BBI503 is a small-molecule compound with a novel and a mechanism different to that of BBI608 that blocks cancer stem cell (cancer cell with stem cell-like properties) self-renewal and induces cell death in CSC as well as other heterogeneous cancer cells. By targeting cancer stem cells in addition to heterogeneous (non-stem) cancer cells, it may provide a new therapeutic option against cancer challenges such as treatment resistance, recurrence and metastasis.
- BBI503 has been shown to inhibit multi-kinase in pre-clinical study.
- Development stage:

Stage	Proposed indication	Country, Area	Combination products	Study number
Phase II	Renal cell carcinoma, Urothelial carcinoma (monotherapy)	Canada	-	205a
	Hepatocellular carcinoma, Cholangiocarcinoma (monotherapy)	Canada	-	205b
	Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (monotherapy)	Canada	-	205c
	Solid tumors [*] (monotherapy)	U.S., Canada	-	101
Phase I / II	Hepatocellular carcinoma (combination therapy)	U.S.	sorafenib	HCC-103
Phase I	Solid tumors (monotherapy), Hepatocellular carcinoma (combination therapy)	Japan	sorafenib	DA101003

^{*} Phase II: Colorectal cancer, Head and Neck cancer, Ovarian cancer, etc.

SB623 Stroke

- In-licensed from SanBio and joint development with SanBio
- SB623 is an allogeneic cell product, derived from bone marrow stromal cells isolated from healthy donors. Unlike autologous cell therapy, which requires individualized cell preparation at the health care institution, SB623 production can be scaled from a single donor's cells, enabling delivery of uniform quality products to a large number of stroke patients. In preclinical and clinical studies to date, SB623 has shown beneficial results for stroke disability with no serious adverse events which are associated with SB623.
- Development stage: Phase II in the U.S.

WT4869 Myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), Solid tumors

- Developed in house (Joint research with Chugai Pharmaceutical)
- WT4869 is a therapeutic cancer vaccine candidate using a peptide derived from Wilms' tumor gene 1
 (WT1) protein. WT4869 is expected to treat patients with various types of hematologic malignancies
 and solid tumors that overexpress WT1, by the induction of WT1-specific cytotoxic T-lymphocytes.
- Development stage:

Myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS): Phase I/II in Japan Solid tumors: Phase I in Japan

DSP-2230 Neuropathic pain

- Developed in-house
- DSP-2230 is a novel compound that selectively inhibits voltage-gated sodium channels Nav1.7 and Nav1.8 with higher potencies than those against the other sodium channel subtypes studied. In addition, DSP-2230 has demonstrated antiallodynic effects in animal models of neuropathic pain that have been shown to be predictive of efficacy in humans. Due to its novel mechanism, DSP-2230 is expected not to produce CV or CNS side effects, which are present with the current drugs, such as non-selective sodium channel blockers and anti-epilepsy medicines.
- Development stage: Phase I in the U.K. and the U.S.

WT2725 Solid tumors, Hematologic malignancies

- Developed in-house (Joint research with Chugai Pharmaceutical)
- WT2725 is a therapeutic cancer vaccine candidate using a peptide derived from Wilms' tumor gene 1
 (WT1) protein. WT2725 is expected to treat patients with various types of hematologic malignancies
 and solid tumors that overexpress WT1, by the induction of WT1-specific cytotoxic T-lymphocytes.
- Development stage:

Solid tumors, Hematologic malignancies: Phase I in the U.S. Solid tumors: Phase I in Japan

SEP-363856 Schizophrenia

- Developed in-house (Sunovion Pharmaceuticals Inc.)
- SEP-363856 is an antipsychotic with a novel mechanism of action. Compared to existing
 antipsychotics that are effective for positive symptoms of schizophrenia, this also shows efficacy for
 the negative symptoms. Even in combination treatment with atypical antipsychotics, extrapyramidal
 side effects were not observed. High efficacy and improved QOL are expected for the treatment for
 schizophrenia.
- Development stage: Phase I in the U.S.

EPI-589 Neurodegenerative diseases

- In-licensed from Edison Pharmaceuticals
- EPI-589 is a generation 2 redox cofactor modeled after EPI-743. It is expected to be developed for neurodegenerative indications arising through redox stress based on defects in mitochondrial function.
- Development stage: Phase I in Europe by Edison Pharmaceuticals.

DSP-3748 Cognitive impairment associated with schizophrenia (CIAS)

- Developed in-house
- DSP-3748 is positive allosteric modulator (PAM) of α 7 type nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (α 7nAChR). DSP-3748 is expected to treat patients with cognitive impairment associated with schizophrenia (CIAS) by enhancing the ACh transmission via α 7nAChR. DSP-3748 is expected to cause less desensitization in comparison with a conventional agonist.
- Development stage: Phase I in the U.S.